1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 2 FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO 3 JESSICA LOWTHER, et al., 4 Plaintiffs, 5 NO: 1:19-cv-01205-JB-SCY VS. 6 COUNTY OF BERNALILLO, et al., 7 Defendants. 8 9 10 Transcript of Hearing Proceedings before The 11 Honorable James O. Browning, United States District 12 Judge, Albuquerque, Bernalillo County, New Mexico, 13 commencing on April 21, 2020. 14 15 For the Plaintiff (telephonically): 16 RACHEL E. HIGGINS VINCE WARD 17 LAW OFFICES OF RACHEL E. HIGGINS 111 Tulane Drive, Southeast 18 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87106 19 For the Defendant: FRANK TOMAS APODACA 20 BRIAN GRIESMEYER 21 SAUCEDO CHAVEZ, PC 800 Lomas, Suite 200 22 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102 23 Robin A. Brazil, RPR 24 NM CCR #154 333 Lomas, Northwest 25 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102

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1	THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon,
2	everyone. Appreciate everyone making themselves
3	available to me this afternoon. Court will call
4	Jessica Lowther, et al., versus Jacob Wootton, et
5	al., Civil Matter 19-civ-1205-JB/SCY.
6	If counsel will enter their appearances
7	for the Plaintiffs.
8	MS. HIGGINS: Good afternoon. Rachel
9	Higgins and Vince Ward on behalf of the guardian ad
_ 0	litem for the minor children.
L 1	THE COURT: Ms. Higgins, Mr. Ward, good
2	afternoon to you.
L 3	For the Defendants?
L 4	MR. APODACA: Good afternoon. Frank
L 5	Apodaca and Brian Griesmeyer on behalf of the county
L 6	Defendants.
_7	THE COURT: Mr. Apodaca, Mr. Griesmeyer,
L 8	good afternoon to you.
L 9	Anyone else need to enter an appearance?
20	MS. HIGGINS: This is Rachel Higgins. I'm
21	probably the only female attorney in the case. I
22	felt the need to identify myself. We could not hear
23	Mr. Apodaca and Mr. Griesmeyer through the phone.
2 4	THE COURT: If you make sure you talk into
25	a microphone. You don't have to stand for me.



You're welcome to stand. If you do, come up to the podium or come up to a microphone. Just make sure you speak. I think you'll be able to hear as long as we require everybody in the courtroom to speak into a mic.

If you can't hear, Ms. Higgins, tell me, and we'll reposition.

MS. HIGGINS: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: It seems to me, and y'all correct me if I'm wrong, we can take up the motion to dismiss and the motion to remand together. They raise similar issues, so if that's agreeable, I would propose I start with you, Ms. Higgins, and let you argue the motion to remand, and maybe we can break this down and take some issues one at a time, and we can go back and forth and take both these motions together with issues.

I guess I'm inclined to think that the

Defendants are right here, that there was no proper
service on the Defendants, and therefore it doesn't

comply with the statute that this case was removed.

It seems to me that probably the court does have
jurisdiction over the case because we ignore the

representative's -- representative's citizenship and
look at the citizenship of the -- the wards





themselves or the guardians. I'm inclined to think they're going to be right, and this case is going to remain in federal court, and I'm going to have to dismiss it, and we'll have to start from scratch.

I guess I'm a little -- the thing I pause on, I think when I was in private practice, and I agreed to accept service, that usually meant that we didn't -- we didn't mess with service anymore. Just send me the complaint, whatever I need, and we agree on a deadline so I don't miss the answer deadline, and we kept moving. It didn't mean I was going to actually be served, but that's probably the way I practiced, and unless that was clarified and made clear, then acceptance of service meant -- means what it says, and that is that you actually need to get a process server and serve service on now the new agent, which is an attorney that's agreed to accept service.

So I probably would -- I'm not sure I quite agree with the Defendants that when those phrases are used they mean you actually have to get a court reporter -- I mean a court process server, but I think unless that's clarified that I have to go with the -- with what those words mean, and I think probably both from the statutory standpoint



and from the actual words used that they meant they would have to be served.

So with that, Ms. Higgins, let me let you argue your motion to remand. Again, if we can take these issues one at a time, that would be helpful for me digesting the number of issues that are in this -- in these motions.

Ms. Higgins.

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MS. HIGGINS: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. I agree that you can likely dispense with those motions, and we can discuss both of them at the same time, because they really do enjoy a factual and legal nexus, and one essentially depends on the other.

I'll tell the court, frankly, I'm of two minds. I'm, of course, prepared to argue the motions that we filed and the responses that we filed.

I always appreciate, Judge Browning, that you tell the parties ahead of time what you're inclined to do and give us a brief sketch of the reasons why you're inclined to do it, and since you've done that in this case -- and I'll circle back to why I'm of two minds.

I think that it would save the court

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certainly a lot of time, and possibly the parties some additional time, though I know the court will brief this matter in a formal written opinion and order. Perhaps it makes the most sense, then, for Plaintiffs to simply request that the case be dismissed without prejudice, and we will start anew in state court, and that way the court will not have to do all of this work.

The reason why I say I'm of two minds,

Your Honor -- and I would guess the Defendants would

not oppose that since the relief they're asking for

is the case be dismissed. Certainly there's time

left on the statute for us to file this on

standalone claims on behalf of our client.

The reason I'm of two minds, Your Honor, we would hate to go through that process only to be in this court or in front of another judge on the forum defendant rule again, so I'm somewhat inclined to at least argue Plaintiffs' position on why the forum defendant rule, regardless of Defendants' position on service, should apply in this case and why the court should remand the case.

So I don't know whether the court would like to entertain that given that I have given a preview of our position, which is that we'd like to

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spare the court the work and the labor of the opinion, just dismiss the case, and file anew against the county under the proper name for the county in state court.

So I'll look back to the court for -- for your comments on that.

THE COURT: Well, I think that -- and I haven't studied my prior work, but I think that the Defendants referred to a case in which I had tipped my hand. I think it was in dicta, but if I remember that case, I wrote that dicta on purpose for a day like this where people would know that I probably sided with, I think is, the majority rule, and that is the Congress -- the Congress trying to -- they selected those words very carefully. Those are not words that are just all over the federal rules or the rules that apply to the court, and for me to then carve out an exception from that language, I think I indicated that I wasn't inclined to do that.

I know Judge Johnson has done that, but Judge Johnson, I think it's fair to say, is a little more hostile to remand -- or to removal than I have been over the years, and he and I have talked about some of my opinions, and he's said in the past sometimes that, "If I had read your opinion before I



wrote my opinion, I might have come out the other way."

So I think there has been a divergence, but I think in this particular case I'd probably tip my hand. I don't mind relooking at it and bringing my opinion up to date and giving you opinion on that, but I think that probably I'm going to fall in line with the majority if that -- if I'm reading the case law correctly, of saying that Congress put those words in specifically, and for me to create an exception would probably not be my style, and I would probably say they apply.

I realize that clever defendants and groups of defendants can manipulate that a little bit, but as we all know, there's nothing that's constitutionally required by the forum defendant rule. That's a creation of Congress. As long as you have complete diversity, you satisfy the diversity statute, so it's just a way of keeping more cases in state court, but it's not crucial to jurisdiction, so Congress -- it's totally statutory, removal and remand, and as long as I have jurisdiction, the fact that a few more cases come up here than maybe Congress intended, but that's hard to say, I'm not sure I fall into that minority group



that says they can read Congress' mind better than the language that is there.

So I'm probably going to come out that way, but I'm not averse to putting together an opinion. I'm not averse to deciding these -- these motions and the issues here. It's -- it's really your call.

MS. HIGGINS: Well, I appreciate that, Your Honor, and no one would ever accuse you of being averse to doing the work and getting the opinions out.

Again, since you're broadcasting what your view is likely to be, in all candor, I want the court to know that counsel, Mr. Ward and I, have discussed whether it makes any sense to go through all the motions if we can simply dismiss the case without prejudice and refile our standalone state court claim anew.

I think what the court is referring to, I think, is the memorandum of opinion and order that the court entered in the Hunt versus Waters case, I think. Hunt and Bennett versus Waters, and that's a pretty new -- a pretty new opinion and order by the court from October of 2018.

And I guess what I'd like to do is just --

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I don't think, Your Honor, that you did broadcast what you would do under the facts of this case, and I just want to raise that distinction to the court's attention, because Lee versus -- Lee Hunt versus Waters and every other case the Plaintiff has been able to find on this subject, whether in and out of jurisdiction, has involved nonforum defendants as defendants removing.

This case is quite unique, which is why it would be interesting to know how you would land, because there are no -- there are no nonforum defendants, and there never will be. There never will be.

I think the question we would ask the court to think about and resolve, and I don't think that you answered that in the Bennett case, I think that question really is, does the forum defendant rule really exist for the purposes in which it's being used in this case whether a forum defendant, Mr. Wootton, who has been served, certainly subsequent to the filing of the notice of removal if not prior to the notice of the filing of removal, is it really appropriate for a forum defendant to remove a case when there are only going to be forum defendants and there are always only going to be



forum defendants.

I just know of no case or can't find any case that finds the proposition that a forum defendant can remove a case to federal court when it only involves forum defendants.

I agree with you, Judge Browning, what's before you, the decision you have to make, is not just whether there's a strict construction but whether the -- whether allowing a forum defendant in a case like this to remove fulfills Congress' intention to essentially utilize snap removal in a case where both defendants are forum defendants and the purpose of the statute was to protect nonforum defendants of being subject to the prejudice of the forum. Those are kind of the broad strokes of Plaintiffs' argument.

the requirement that Congress -the requirement that Congress imposed was for the
purpose of intending -- the purpose of preventing
plaintiffs from tactically blocking removal by
joining a forum defendant who's a sham defendant
without ever having an intention of serving that
defendant or litigating against it. Certainly
that's not -- no one's raising that argument in this
case. Of course they can't, because both defendants



are forum defendants. 1 2 I think that the reason -- the reasons 3 behind the removal statute are not fulfilled by this 4 court if the court applies the forum defendant rule. 5 In fact, what's really happening is gamesmanship is being allowed on the part of forum defendants. 6 7 I think that Judge Johnson certainly 8 outlined this and his reasoning therefore in the 9 Santa Fe coal case, which you're aware of and you 10 clearly discussed with Judge Johnson. 11 THE COURT: I didn't discuss this case 12 with him. 13 MS. HIGGINS: I understand. I meant the 14 Santa Fe Coal case. 15 THE COURT: It wasn't this issue. I can't 16 remember the issue. There was another one we had 17 split on. I think it was one of the ones that

remember the issue. There was another one we had split on. I think it was one of the ones that Congress has now come in and clarified. I can't remember exactly the issue, but they made some amendments to these removal and remand. It was one we split on. I think they came out -- Congress resolved it the way that -- that I had, and, you know, there's been a trend.

You know, Congress is slowly, in this area, somewhat expanding our jurisdiction rather

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than making it harder to remove, and so it's -- it's just tricky to get away from the language of the statute and start trying to figure out congressional intent, because, if anything, when they've had to go in and weighed in and picking which side they're going on in removal and remand, they've been opting more times than not to expand the removal authority rather than contract it and adopt a lot of these district court opinions that find so many technical ways to fault the removal.

But I did want to make it clear I don't

But I did want to make it clear I don't think this is -- that we discussed this issue at all. If we did, it escapes my memory.

MS. HIGGINS: Well, your Honor, I took it to mean you discussed his perspective as he set forth in his opinion in the Santa Fe coal case.

THE COURT: No, it wasn't -- that's not my memory. My memory was just in general there was another removal issue where the district courts were splitting. He went one way, I went another way, and I think Congress ended up resolving it the way that I and some other district courts had gone.

MS. HIGGINS: Well, on that note we know Congress has not resolved this issue. However, legislation to prevent the type of snap removal,

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     snap removal tactics that are being exercised in
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     this case, actually has been introduced this year,
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     so we'll see what happens.
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               THE COURT: Has that been introduced --
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               MS. HIGGINS: We certainly don't want to
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     wait for that.
               THE COURT: Has that been introduced in
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     the house?
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               MS. HIGGINS: Yes, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: I think that's the problem.
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     lot of things are being introduced in the house
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     right now, but I'm just not sure they're going to go
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     anywhere with Senators Grassley and Lindsey Graham
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     in control of that.
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                             That, we can agree.
               MS. HIGGINS:
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               THE COURT: Control of the senate
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     judiciary committee.
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               MS. HIGGINS:
                             We agree. Your Honor, I
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     certainly understand that you're signaling, if you
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     haven't already, you would tend to side with the
     narrow construction of the forum defendant rule as
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     opposed to what other judges -- other district court
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     judges within the Tenth Circuit states have done,
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     which is essentially to apply and -- a third result
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     type of analysis to the facts of whatever case is
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before them on removal, and you know, the -- since 1 2 the requirement is intended for the plaintiffs from 3 these tactics, I think what those judges and those 4 opinions reflect is that it wouldn't make sense for 5 Congress to enact the properly joined insert language to prevent gamesmanship on the part of the 6 plaintiff only to allow for a different type of 7 8 gamesmanship by the defendant, which is of course is what Plaintiff is contending in this case. 9 10 And just to complete the record on the 11 forum defendant --12 Can you tell me -- can you THE COURT: tell me -- because I am interested in the issue, can 13 14 you tell me what Congress would have to write out to 15 help you out in this case? What would be the 16 language that they would have to put in a statute to 17 make it clear that these cases cannot be removed? 18 Well, I think that it MS. HIGGINS: 19 would -- I think the language that would make it 20 more clear is something along the lines of what, in fact, has been introduced in the Removal 21 22 Jurisdiction Clarification Act, House Representative 23 Bill 5801, which is essentially that if a case is 24 removed solely based on diversity jurisdiction like 25 here, and if at the time of the removal any party or



interest properly joined as a defendant is either a forum defendant who has not yet been properly -- I should say is a forum defendant and has not yet properly served, to eliminate arguments on proper service, then the action would still be subject to remand so long as the forum defendant is properly served under state law within 30 days after that. I think what this is designed to eliminate is the race to the courthouse to remove.

I still have to say, Your Honor, I don't think any published case has contemplated what Defendants have done in this case, which is a snap removal of a case that doesn't involve any nonforum defendants. And I -- I realize you spoke about this not as a dispositive matter but as a matter of professional practice when you were an attorney, when you were a trial lawyer.

The Plaintiffs do contend, and we've clearly waived the argument that the guardian ad litem domicile here in New Mexico has any relevance. She shares domicile with the minor children. We agree with that.

And we've also waived, for the purpose of not having to go through the tortured backdrop of attempts to serve Mr. Wootton, any contention that



he was served at any point before counsel for 1 2 Mr. Wootton and the county agreed to accept service. 3 But we do -- we do think that when an attorney 4 accepts service on behalf of his clients in state 5 court, it is -- it is truly remarkable to later take the position, when that counsel has received the 6 7 pleadings not once but twice, that service was not 8 complete for failure to file for acceptance of 9 service or something like that.

I recognize the court has to apply the Rules of Civil Procedure and look at the federal rules of diversity jurisdiction to -- to kind of inform those facts, but Plaintiffs do not waive the argument that there was service on the date that counsel accepted service and was given the benefit of the argument he requested, which was an extension in the federal case.

So this case is unique on its facts, both because there was an acceptance of service prior to the notice of removal being filed and because the Defendants involved in the case are forum defendants, and there can never be a circumstance where any Defendant in this case would require the protection of the forum defendant rule.

So I've been talking for a long time, Your



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Honor, probably in circles. You clearly, I'm sure, 1 2 have noticed that I've learned a lot since the 3 briefing was submitted on the issue. It's a verv 4 interesting issue, and we're of the mind that the Defendants are misusing the forum defendant rule in 5 this case to deprive Plaintiffs of our choice of 6 7 forum and venue in a state court case, basically on the technicality of service. 8

If the court is so inclined, as the court has already stated, we would prefer to simply dismiss the case, without prejudice, to state court, and we will start again.

THE COURT: Well, like you put it well in the sense that that is an inclination, and I have been known to go back to my chambers and start writing an opinion and decide that it won't write, and so that happens. So you are entitled to an opinion. If you want to press the motion to remand, I'll give you an opinion, and if you want to see if the Defendants agree to a dismissal without prejudice and we bring this case to an end and everybody go do something else, that's fine as well, but it's your call, Ms. Higgins.

MS. HIGGINS: Well, I would presume that the Defendants would agree to a dismissal without



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prejudice since that's what they've asked for, and 1 though I do have a terrible feeling in the pit of my 2 3 stomach that we may get removed on the same or a 4 different basis, I think it's -- I think I'm willing 5 to take that chance, because given the court's -given the court's inclination and strict reading of 6 7 the forum defendant rule, if the court may -- is consistent with that, really the only basis for 8 9 maintaining jurisdiction over the case is that 10 Plaintiffs failed to properly serve a local 11 Defendant before the case got to the court, and that 12 doesn't seem like a good enough reason for 13 Plaintiffs to be deprived of their choice of forum. 14 So long way of saying again, Your Honor, 15 I'm just so happy to be in court again. 16 THE COURT: You're not even here. 17 MS. HIGGINS: A long way of saying is dismissal without prejudice is what we would opt for 18 19 judicial economy and to spare the possibility of 20 there ever being a written opinion on these tortured service facts. 21 22 THE COURT: All right. Well, let's see 23 what the Defendants want to do. You got an offer on 24 the table. They'll just dismiss this case without 25 prejudice, and we'll see what happens. You want to



1 take the offer? You want the court to decide these 2 issues?

Mr. Apodaca?

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Yes, Your Honor. MR. APODACA: Thank you. Good afternoon. Good afternoon to counsel.

THE COURT: Mr. Apodaca.

MR. APODACA: Interesting offer for We do feel, as Ms. Higgins sort of started the discussion with the sort of potential prediction of the future if that were to happen, Defendants may be monitoring the docket of the state courts to see when this action would be filed again and prior to service would be removing.

There's nothing that is different in that circumstance except that it would present a cleaner set of facts upon which to adjudicate these issues. The position that -- that there is no longer -- you know, if we go ahead with the inclination of the court that the forum defendant applies here such that the removal is proper and the remand motion is going to be denied, it does not follow that there needs to be -- there needs to be a dismissal as to all Defendants in the case.

The response to the motion to dismiss by Plaintiffs makes a big point of indicating that, you





know, if the first effort at service didn't count, and the second effort at service didn't count, we have served them again to the best of our ability.

With respect to Mr. Wootton, he was served, and an answer has been filed. If the remand motion is denied, we believe that the court has jurisdiction to proceed with the case as to Defendant Wootton, and as is often the case with respect to a misdesignation of Bernalillo County, without taking notice of the 4-46-1 statutory requirement that the county be sued through the board, what usually happens is that there is a dismissal with a -- an invitation to refile to properly style the complaint so that the Board of County Commissioners is named, as the statute requires, and the case proceeds.

What else that -- from what I heard, something else that's interesting is just this general idea that there's a lot of gamesmanship with response to invoking the forum defendant rule. The court is reviewing the pleadings. Our view of the global set of claims implicating Defendant Wootton, being by Jessica Lowther, being raised by her husband, being raised by her children, we don't understand why this case exists.





During the pendency of a long existing lawsuit during the pendency of the stay in the lawsuit where there were requests for extensions to respond to qualifying immunity motions, this case was initiated. So there's a bigger picture with respect to what's being done by both sides.

And, you know, every attorney, including county Defendants, are entitled to seek refuge in defenses available to them, procedural, factual, or otherwise. That's what we've done. We don't look past the Plaintiffs for doing the same thing. We just think that bigger context matters with respect to comments being made earlier.

So with respect to the offer, Your Honor, respectfully we decline to accept it, and we would be interested in seeing the court clarifying the issues raised by the forum defendant rule, how it's been interpreted as well as its application to these facts.

A little difficulty that we had, Your

Honor, county defense counsel, is that I prepared,

because I authored the motion to dismiss, and

Mr. Griesmeyer was prepared to respond to the motion

to remand, so to the extent the court wants to get

into detail, I think Mr. Griesmeyer did want to





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     respond to a couple of representations made by
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     Plaintiffs' counsel concerning the state of the law
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     and whether other courts considered removal on
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     defendant rule, and we would respectfully ask
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     permission of the court to speak to those two
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     motions.
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               THE COURT:
                           That's fine.
                                         As long as we
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     kind of -- it helps me to take these kind of motions
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     one bite at a time. I certainly don't mind
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     different counsel arguing.
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               I don't think you mind, do you,
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     Ms. Higgins?
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               MS. HIGGINS: I do not. You done.
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               THE COURT: Mr.
                                Apodaca? You want to
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     turn it over to Mr. Griesmeyer?
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               MR. GRIESMEYER:
                                Thank you, Your Honor.
     The service issue I'm going to kind of skip over and
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     move into the forum defendant rule, and my reading
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     of that plain text, as the court recognized, this is
     a procedural rule, not jurisdictional. This is part
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     of the procedure of removal, and really the main
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     thing I wanted to point out for the court --
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               THE COURT: If Congress could
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     constitutionally not have a forum defendant rule,
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right?

MR. GRIESMEYER: Absolutely, Your Honor.

THE COURT: This is something that's been around for a while. I think there was a day that Congress wanted to limit the cases that were now removed. We're now in a period of time where I think Congress wants to have federal courts and judges more involved in these cases, so it's -- it's the ebb and flow of our judicial process. There's nothing unhonorable about that. That's what makes it a democracy, and this is one of the little areas where it kind of plays out in our courts.

MR. GRIESMEYER: Absolutely, Your Honor. So what I wanted to point out, I guess we could start with the history of the forum defendant rule, it really was an enactment in 1948 that put in the properly joined and served language. Before that, it didn't have the answer of language. In fact, it didn't require service fees on any forum defendants to prevent removal in the situation there are forum defendants.

In 1948, that changed. The language changed to require service of a forum defendant before the rule could be applied. Specifically with respect to the argument that the purpose of the





statute is to prevent fraudulent joinder by plaintiffs, really that remedy was available to plaintiffs prior to 1948. They could have moved to remand a case or -- in other words, a case could have been removed on the basis that a defendant was fraudulently joined prior to 1948.

intent is not really clear based on that. I mean, the fraudulent joinder defense was available before for defendants. I mean, this language only appears in one other place I've seen in the removal statutes, and that is when it comes to requiring all properly joined and served defendants to join in the removal, and quite simply there, the courts have explicitly held that if the defendant is not served, they do not have to join at the time of removal. By the same extension, this same phrase should be applied just as strictly, the only other place that I found it in the statutes, which is as part of the forum defendant rule.

At this point, Your Honor, although there is a recognized --

THE COURT: When did that language come into the notice of removal? Wasn't that a rather recent one? Didn't they split -- a circuit split on

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1 that issue?

MR. GRIESMEYER: Your Honor, I don't know for certain, but I have a feeling that was the split resolved in 2011.

THE COURT: I think that's the one the chief and I went in different directions, and Congress came in and went the way I had gone, which is that it had to be a defendant that had been served.

MR. GRIESMEYER: Yes, Your Honor, and really for that reason, too, it adds more credence to the fact that Congress was specific in choosing the properly joined and served language for the forum defendant rule to not prevent removal where there's unserved forum defendants. That's because in 2011 they specifically amended that particular part of the statute, section 1441(b)(2), but they didn't change the properly joined and served language. Certainly by 2011 there were already splits among the district courts regarding the interpretation of that.

And at this point, Your Honor, there really is no split among the senior circuit courts that have addressed this.

THE COURT: This is just a district court





split; isn't it?

MR. GRIESMEYER: Correct, Your Honor. For all of the circuit courts that have addressed this, they have all held the plain language controls, and it's up to Congress to change that, and the results are not absurd, and it's not contrary to the purpose of the statute, whatever that purpose may have been, that nobody's been able to quite put their finger on because of the lack of legislative history on this particular language.

Just to point out, we did, most recently, of course, find that the Fifth Circuit has also joined in this plain-language interpretation, but more importantly, the Third Circuit and the Second Circuit have both weighed in, and in those two cases, which are in our notice of supplemental authority that the Fifth Circuit cited to, Gibbons v. Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, 919 F.3d. 699, specifically on pages 704 to 707, that court recognized the plain-language controls and allows a forum defendant who has not been served to remove a case.

This proposition that there is no case law supporting what's been done in this case, is just not true, and in fact, two circuits have held that





this exact set of facts is fine.

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The other circuit is the Third Circuit in the Encompass Insurance Company versus Stone Mansion Restaurant Corporation, I think it's 902 F.3d. 147, and specifically in that case the only defendant was Stone Mansion, I think its restaurant, and that non- -- that forum defendant removed prior to service, and the facts of that case are surprisingly similar too. I don't know if the court read those.

THE COURT: I read what you quoted out of the briefing. I have not read the entire opinion.

MR. GRIESMEYER: That one is interesting on the particular defense and how it comes up in the grand scheme of things when there's issues with service.

Prior to all three of these circuit opinions, there's a Sixth Circuit in McCall v. Scott, which we did cite, and there it's just a footnote action, and it appears to be dicta. It's not clean. It holds that the plain language holds removal despite the inclusion of unserved forum defendants.

As far as the circuits that weighed in, they all hold the plain-language controls. Not only that, we did have a lengthy stream cite that we

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included in our response of many districts that also
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     have allowed this exact scenario, a forum defendant
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     who has not been served removing the case.
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     that's the one that starts with the D.C. combined
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     through Cheatham case, and it's on -- let me find
     the exact page on our brief, Your Honor.
 6
                                                But it is
 7
     on -- starting on page seven at the top, and that's
 8
     the string citing every one of those cases, all
     district cases aside from the McCall v. Scott case
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     from the Sixth Circuit, they're all districts that
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     have allowed this exact situation where a forum
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     defendant who has not been served removed the case.
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     And the district courts all held, obviously, the
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     plain language allows that, and to try and create
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     any other kind of exception to applying the plain
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     language just didn't quite make sense, especially in
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     light of Congress visiting this exact language in
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     2011 and choosing to leave it the same.
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               I think those are the main points that --
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               THE COURT: Seems like a long time ago.
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     thought I wrote that opinion just recently.
                                                   For you
22
     to tell me it was 2011, boy, time moves on; doesn't
23
     it?
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               MR. GRIESMEYER: Well, and -- so recently,
25
     Your Honor, the case -- I think Plaintiffs' counsel
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is correct, it's the Hunt v. Jack v. Waters case 1 2 that you authored, and that was just last year. 3 This issue, but that other THE COURT: 4 one, I remember it. MR. GRIESMEYER: And of course, Your 5 Honor, our interpretation is that your reliance on 6 7 the Brazell Tenth Circuit opinion, although it was just a memorandum opinion, and also just dicta, but 8 nonetheless, that court still did interpret at least 9 10 the first part of this phrase strictly holding that 11 it would not apply to forum defendant rule to 12 prevent removal where the forum defendant had not 13 been properly joined, so it's just a natural 14 extension to apply the same analysis to the "and 15 served" portion. 16 I think to the question as well, as far as 17 what Congress could do to help out or help change 18 this, I mean, they would just have to remove the 19 "and served" language. I mean, it would make that 20 language completely superfluous and meaningless to 21 hold any other way. So really it just seems like 22 they would have to remove it. 23 They go back to '48, 'right? THE COURT: 24 MR. GRIESMEYER: Correct. I think that's

really a lot of the statutory interpretation that we

found in our research. And, you know, to the point 1 2 I know Plaintiffs said we were critical of Judge 3 Johnson's opinion, I didn't mean to be critical. 4 think probably that opinion didn't have the 5 opportunity or the benefit, essentially, of seeing that several circuits weigh in interpreting the 6 7 plain language, and also that was a different sort 8 of case than this one as well.

So I don't know how much further or if there's any other questions from the court on the forum defendant rule. I do agree it would be helpful to have some guidance on this particular rule and how the district court sees it at this time.

opinion on it, but I guess I'm wondering, you know, each chief judge, he's got an opinion out there.

You've kind of got mine, where you can tell where I'm going. Does that give anybody any more guidance? It might in my court, might in his court, but is it going to give any more guidance in Judge Herrera or Judge Parker's or Judge Riggs? I guess maybe she'll have to choose, but, you know, I don't mind doing my work.

So it's your call, but just -- it's just



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my opinion out there, and I don't know if others
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     will go along with it or not. I certainly don't
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     speak for the entire court.
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               MR. GRIESMEYER: I understand, Your Honor.
 5
                             This is Rachel Higgins.
               MS. HIGGINS:
 6
               THE COURT: Let me let Mr. Griesmeyer
 7
     finish.
 8
               MS. HIGGINS: Oh, I'm sorry.
 9
     disadvantage not to be able to see.
10
               THE COURT: Let me let the Defendants
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     finish.
              Anything else?
12
                                I think that addresses
               MR. GRIESMEYER:
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     most of the arguments that I felt were raised during
14
     this oral argument, at least.
15
               THE COURT: Let me ask both of you.
16
     don't know who's kind of covering this.
17
     agree, though, that now you've accepted service for
18
     Wootton, and he's properly served and in this case.
19
     I see affirmative yeses?
20
               MR. GRIESMEYER: Yes, Your Honor.
                           The third time was a charm.
21
               THE COURT:
22
               MR. GRIESMEYER:
                                He did file an answer
23
     after the third attempt, correct, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: He's in, and as far as you're
25
     concerned, this case is properly here, and you're
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ready to move forward, and you assume and I assume,
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     as well, the Plaintiffs can clear up the county
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     issue with filing an amended complaint that names
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     the Board of County Commissioners rather than the
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     county, and we're off and running, right?
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               MR. GRIESMEYER: Absolutely, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                           Anything else the Defendants
     want to say, A, on the motion to remand or, B, their
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 9
     motion to dismiss?
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               Mr.
                    Apodaca?
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               Mr. Griesmeyer?
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               MR. GRIESMEYER:
                                No, Your Honor.
13
               MR. APODACA: No, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Ms. Higgins, if you want to
15
     say any more on your motion to remand or anything in
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     response to the motion to dismiss.
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               MS. HIGGINS:
                             Thank you, Your Honor, we
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     did file a notice of additional authority.
               THE COURT: I have it in front of me.
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     It's -- I think you filed two -- no, the Defendants
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     filed one, and you filed one. Yours is document 30,
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     so I have it in front of me, Ms. Higgins.
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               MS. HIGGINS: Your Honor, I just wanted to
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     incorporate that into the record, and though, of
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     course, it's been filed, and bring the court's
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attention to that opinion as yet another opinion which, following Judge Johnson's lead, or at least consistent with Judge Johnson in this opinion, which cites to the Chevron Pipeline Company opinion out of the District of Utah in 2019.

These cases consider whether reasonable attempts to serve have any relevance to application of the forum defendant rule. And the case that I brought to the court's attention indicates that a mechanical application of the plain language to countenance and outcome that is directly at odds with the purpose of the forum defendant rule will not be applied.

So the case that I wanted the court to look at that I filed today is essential. It bears a lot in common with our case in that there were attempts to serve. The court considered these attempts to serve and determined that the forum defendant rule should not be applied when reasonable attempts to serve have been made. So I just wanted to bring that to the court's attention. I think that defendants have -- it's interesting that they've declined to exercise the remedy that they requested in their motion to dismiss.

And I'm quite certain this is the first





time I have ever argued on -- in favor of a 1 2 defendant's motion to dismiss and on behalf of the 3 plaintiffs, but over counsel's objections, 4 Plaintiffs would like to move forward with the 5 dismissal without prejudice. I think it's very clear that the Plaintiffs have the right and the 6 7 ability to choose their own forum, particularly in a 8 case like this where we've brought only state law claims under the State Claims Tort Act. 9

With all due respect to this court, whom I have tried many a state and federal law in front of, we filed this case in state law for a reason. That is where we would like the case. If the court will allow, we would like to file a motion to dismiss without prejudice. That is where we think the case is properly situated.

I guess we will have to wait and see whether Defendants monitor the pleadings and effect another snap removal. If they do, perhaps the service issue will be cleaner the next time around. That is what Plaintiffs would like to see happen today. I can't think of any basis for the court to deny Plaintiffs' request to file such a motion.

THE COURT: Well, I'll give you the last word on your motion to dismiss. I guess they're



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1 agreeing to your motion to dismiss, but that just 2 dismisses the -- the claims against the -- well, 3 does it -- would it dismiss both of them as written? 4 It now -- it would -- is it just dismiss it as to 5 the county? Your Honor, I think there's 6 MS. HIGGINS: 7 agreement that Defendant Wootton has been properly 8 served within the rules of federal civil procedure. 9 There's -- I think I can probably also say there's 10 agreement we did not caption the case Bernalillo 11 County Board of Commissioners or Board of 12 Commissioners of Bernalillo County. I think 13 Defendants' position is the case is only situated in 14 federal court as to Defendant Wootton for that 15 The motion to dismiss would only be as to reason. 16 Defendant Wootton since he's the only party properly 17 before the court. 18 I suppose we could move to dismiss on 19 behalf of both, but we'd create more material for 20 argument, and I don't think that's necessary in this 21 case. 22 THE COURT: Let me ask the Defendants this 23 question. Your motion to dismiss, it -- it still 24 was maintaining the position that -- that Wootton 25 had not been properly served, right, so that was



part of your motion to dismiss, was against both --1 2 it was on behalf of both Defendants, right? 3 MR. APODACA: Your Honor, if you look at 4 the reply, we actually say that it will be up to the court to determine whether the third effort at 5 service with respect to Wootton is effective. 6 7 THE COURT: You're conceding that now? 8 Right. So we've obviously MR. APODACA: 9 conceded, because we filed the answer. Your Honor, 10 I take the position that I would oppose any motion 11 to dismiss by the Plaintiffs, because it's just 12 another effort to sort of -- in our view, it's 13 difficult, because yes, they have a right, certainly, to seek to split claims and split causes 14 15 of action on the same sorts of operative facts as 16 exist in Lowther one. That's what they did. 17 we've availed ourselves to a procedural opportunity 18 to put it back in federal court. We think it's 19 appropriately here. We answered it. We believe it

There was commentary on the notice of supplemental authority and need to take stock of reasonable attempts at service, you know, for the reasons outlined in our motions to dismiss and remand. We don't think the efforts were reasonable



should remain in federal court.

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at all under 1-004, which is the applicable rule here, so to the extent that the effort at service through the improper service packet is looked at, we don't think it was reasonable.

This issue that speaks directly to my decisions in this case as counsel for the county, and my emails of November 27th, Your Honor, I would only say if that email string is looked at, I had no idea that -- I had no idea whether there was going to be discovery as to Wootton or as to the county or as to both. I even raised the question if there's discovery as to Wootton, there's going to be a lot that needs to be done. That's why we need more time.

It would certainly never occur to me service would be complete on the basis of something that was given to me back before I represented these Defendants in this case, and as it turned out, when I did get that improper service package, there sure was discovery to Wootton. It was my expectation there would be something given to me that would include the normal items of service required under 1-004 which would be the summons and complaint for service upon an individual, and secondly, anything else in addition to that, which would be something



that could be included, i.e. discovery, and which actually was in the improper service packet. It was fully my expectation that something would be sent to me that would have whatever it was that the Plaintiff intended to serve upon us. That never happened.

So, you know, frankly, it could have been the fact that in the exact same timeframe I was having the same issue with another plaintiff's attorney, and, you know, I've included that as an exhibit in my reply, and it was my same expectation here.

I can understand that Plaintiff thinks it remarkable. From my perspective, it was pretty unremarkable.

THE COURT: I guess I was surprised by it, because I thought, typically when I was doing defense work, and I said, well, I'll accept service, usually I would also say when -- so that there was no misunderstanding, I would say, "And let's agree on a response date when I file an answer," and I was always very clear, or otherwise respond, so I could file motions to dismiss if I wanted to so that there was real clarity.

I never -- I don't think I had an





expectation I was going to have a process server show up at my law firm and formally serve me. I was working out a response date. That's what surprised me a little bit about the exchange.

MR. APODACA: Your Honor, and in my view I wasn't -- I did not have that expectation. My expectation was I would be provided whatever was intended to be served upon me. If we look at the reply brief on the motion to dismiss and Exhibit H, you know what I cite is an email -- it was service by email. It wasn't a process server. This is in a separate case. It says, "Mr. Apodaca, attached is a complaint. Thank you for agreeing to as much as. The issued summonses are attached." There it was.

As of that date, I felt I was served in that other case. In the current case before the court, that would have sufficed, particularly with respect to discovery, I don't see how I possibly would have been served discovery that they did put in the proper service packet that was mailed to me. That's an issue never addressed by the Plaintiff in this case when they're saying when you put together the other emails before and after removal, one was the complaint in October, one has the summons on December 23rd. Well, that equals service.



1 Well, where's the discovery? Did you 2 decide that sometime between when you mailed the 3 improper service packet to the county and then 4 wanted that November 27th exchange to equal service 5 that you were going to not serve discovery on Mr. Wootton? 6 7 So, you know, I was never expecting a 8 process server to come to my office. I expected to 9 be mailed whatever was served on me. THE COURT: Go ahead and address 10 11 They're the Plaintiffs. Ms. Higgins' point. 12 probably have some mastery over their case. 13 file a motion to dismiss the case without prejudice, 14 really what ability do I have to not grant that 15 What do I -- how do I say, I can't -- they motion? 16 can't do that? 17 MR. APODACA: Your Honor, to be honest 18 with you, we thought about that question thinking --19 thinking of it as being one of the harder questions 20 put to us today, because I think the answer is not a 21 You know, they do have the right to not sue or 22 dismiss a case, and if they want to do that, they 23 could do that, and we'd be, as I said, in a 24 different situation on a different day, you know, if

things break our way or not, if things break their

way, in terms of honoring the docket and that sort of thing.

THE COURT: Do you think they're going to file another case, and you think you're going to be on top of it, and this case is going to be back here in the sames posture in front of me or another district judge?

MR. APODACA: It's possible. From our view, there was nothing -- that might be something that might be more akin to the cases we've discussed in the remand briefing that are properly called snap removal cases. In this case, there was no snap removal. We waited until the eleventh hour before we removed, because we always were expecting -- we did the research. We believed that this move was available and it could be obviated and sort of removed from available options for litigation anytime -- whenever they served us.

The email exchange was November 27th. We didn't remove until December 23rd. You know, when we did, they didn't take the position that 11/27 it was served. No, "You mailed the improper service packet." I think the posture could be cleaner in round two, if there is a round two, but that's where it is.



THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Apodaca.

Ms. Higgins, let me ask you, I didn't quite understand why it is there is a -- it's a state case, right? You've got a case in state court that's -- raises some similar claims or similar parties. Tell me about the other case.

MS. HIGGINS: Sure. Your Honor, the state law case that we filed recently that's the subject of the court's jurisdiction is on behalf of Jessica Lowther, who is the spouse of Adam Lowther. They are both the parents of AL and WL, both of whom are minor children.

The federal court case concerns a number of federal claims and some state claims both against Bernalillo County, Board of County Commissioners, i.e., the Bernalillo County Sheriff's Department independent Defendants, and State of New Mexico Children Youth & Families Department and individual Defendants concerning what we contend was an illegal detention and arrest, illegal entry into the Lowthers' home. Both of those events happened on August 30th, and a subsequent removal -- the children were removed on that date. There was a subsequent removal on September 7th.

Τ	The case that you are presiding over today
2	concerns the arrest of Jessica Lowther, months
3	later, on November 7th by Jacob Wootton. CYFD is
4	not there are no claims asserted against CYFD in
5	the state court case. The state court case is
6	limited to 41-4-12 related claims concerning that
7	later arrest date. "I, Detective Wootton, of
8	Jessica Lowther," and essentially Plaintiffs' theory
9	is at this point in time Defendant Wootton knew or
10	should have known there was absolutely no probable
11	cause to suspect Ms. Lowther of any crimes and in
12	arresting her, he committed the acts of false
13	imprisonment and arrest and malicious abuse of
14	process under state law.
15	So just to summarize, some of the parties
16	are the same as the federal court case, which
17	counsel refers to as Lowther one. Not all of the
18	parties are the same, and the dates which relate to
19	the claims for the respective cases are different.
20	THE COURT: Okay. Well, okay.
21	Mr. Griesmeyer?
22	MR. GRIESMEYER: I'll respond briefly to
23	that. In the Lowther one case, they do bring
24	identical claims in the paragraphs 233 through 247

25

and also with regards to the children's claim at

paragraphs 255 through 261. So these are certainly claims that could have been and should have been included in the original case that also has claims under 41-1-12.

THE COURT: Well, let me throw out a proposal to you. Why don't I do this and see if everybody -- why don't I go ahead and do my work.

I'll go ahead, and I think there was a -- some half-interest on behalf of the Plaintiffs that I go ahead and decide this issue. There's a full interest by the Defendants that I decide this issue, so I'll go ahead and decide the issue.

I think I'll probably come out that, you know, I dismiss the county out without prejudice to removal. I will -- without prejudice to amending and bringing the county commissioners back in. I'll leave Wootton in, most likely deny the motion to remand, then if the Plaintiffs want to go ahead and file today or down the road go ahead and file a motion to dismiss, they can. If they want to stick -- stay here, they can. Defendants can decide what they want to do.

I'll -- if everybody wants, I'll go ahead and have an initial scheduling conference, and the nice thing about federal court for Plaintiffs is you

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get going, and you get initial disclosures, and you may want to take advantage of that while you're here, get some discovery.

What do you think about that as a -- as a way of proceeding from today, Ms. Higgins?

MS. HIGGINS: Well, Your Honor, I think that you asked the question of defense counsel, what is to stop you from granting our motion to dismiss without prejudice. The answer they gave you was, not much.

We are holding firm that that is what we would like to do. We would like to file that motion. We hesitate to have the court do all this work if that is our plan, which it is. And my concern -- you know, related concern about having the court work on an order regarding the issues raised and all the briefing that were we to -- were the court not to entertain the motion to dismiss without prejudice, we may run out of time to choose our forum as we're entitled to do.

THE COURT: What kind of timeframe are you looking at? You could give me a drop-dead time, and I'll rearrange the work in my office to meet your statute of limitation's time. What are you working under?

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1	MS. HIGGINS: I am going to make sure I
2	don't get that date wrong, because that's the very
3	important date.
4	While I'm looking for it, Your Honor, I
5	can't leave uncorrected the statement that defense
6	counsel made. We have not contained the claims that
7	are before this court in the state law complaint and
8	what is referred to as Lowther one. There may be
9	facts that are identified, but certainly not counts.
10	All right. So to be safe, October 1st,
11	Your Honor. To be safe.
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MS. HIGGINS: The arrest date occurred in
14	mid-October.
15	THE COURT: Well, here's what I would
16	propose to do. If you get off the phone, and you
17	still want to dismiss this case, go ahead and file
18	your motion to dismiss.
19	If it's agreed to, Plaintiffs if the
20	Defendants agree to it, just submit me an order. If
21	it's contested, the Defendants can file their
22	response.
23	You call Ms. Wright when you file your
24	motion, and I'll set it for a hearing, and I'll try
25	to use that hearing to get my work done on these two



motions by that date, and that way it'll keep you 1 from having any statute of limitations problems. 2 3 MS. HIGGINS: Your Honor, I'm sorry. 4 gave you the wrong date. The conduct -- the arrest 5 occurred in the first week of November, so I want to pressure the court with an early October. 6 7 arrest occurred early November. We would want to get a ruling in October so we would not be deprived 8 9 of our choices. 10 THE COURT: You keep -- keep my feet to 11 Send me a letter, or call Ms. Wright. the fire. 12 I'll try to keep it -- keep your date in mind, and 13 I'll -- when I get your motion to dismiss, I'll try 14 to set a hearing on it, and then I'll try to have 15 these opinions ruled on by the time we have the 16 hearing, and if it's -- if you get back, and the 17 Defendants don't contest it, then y'all can just submit me an order, and I'll -- I'll dismiss the 18 19 case without the opinions. 20 All right. Shall we go ahead and do the initial scheduling conference so that we -- we get 21 22 the case going in case it stays here, Ms. Higgins? 23 MS. HIGGINS: That's fine, Your Honor, 24 however the court would like to proceed. 25 THE COURT: Does that work for the



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Defendants?
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               MR. APODACA: Yes, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: The parties didn't give dates
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     on their JSR. I drafted this for a request for a
 5
     180-day track, giving you six months to get
     deadlines and around a trial I have in April of
 6
 7
     2021, a big criminal case, and I have two smaller
     cases, both civil cases, set around the same time,
 8
     and there's even a fourth case out there that --
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     that affects the timing on this one.
11
               Does that work for you if I use that as a
12
     basis here, 180-day discovery timeframe?
13
     Ms. Higgins?
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                             It does, Your Honor.
               MS. HIGGINS:
15
               THE COURT: Does that work for the
     Defendants?
16
17
               MR. APODACA: Yes, sir.
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               THE COURT: So discovery will end by
19
     October 19th, 2020. All discovery motions will be
20
     due no later than November 9th, 2020. The Plaintiff
21
     will identify -- the Plaintiffs will identify their
22
     expert or experts by July 20th, 2020. When I say
23
     identify your expert, that means produce -- identify
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     your expert or experts, produce your expert reports
     and have your experts ready to be deposed.
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don't have to be deposed that day, but have them ready to go, because the Defendants are going to have to do the same by August 19th, 2020.

All pretrial motions will be due no later than December 10th, 2020.

Let me drop down and give you dates for interaction with the court, and I'll come back to the pretrial order. I'll set a hearing on all pending motions for January 11th, 2021, at 8:30 a.m. I propose to have a pretrial conference on March 30th, 2021, at 8:30 a.m., and then I'll set you for jury selection and jury trial on August 12th, 2021, at 9:00 a.m.

The pretrial order will come from the Plaintiff to the Defendants by the end of business on March 19th, 2021, and the pretrial order will come from the Defendants to the court by the end of business on March 29th, 2021, and I'll look at it overnight and be ready for our pretrial conference the next day.

And y'all did -- now that I look at it, the pretrial conference was in accordance with court deadlines based on 180-day discovery track. So that's where we got the 180-day track, so we must be tracking together on this.

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I am going to put you on a trailing docket, but don't panic. I'll tell you how I run my trailing dockets in a moment. You're on a trailing docket for April 12th, 2021. You've asked for five days, and so chances are that if you're ready to go, I'll be ready to go too, depending on these other cases I have that month.

If I were to give you a firm setting, it wouldn't mean anything, and I hate to give you a bunch of deadlines and expect you to comply with them, and the one deadline I give myself I can't comply with because of the crush in criminal cases. In this district, I'm not able to give firm settings this far out, but as a concession to the civil lawyers, because I know how hard it is to work with a trailing docket, as you get closer to that April 12 date, and you need to get witnesses here and subpoenas out, call Ms. Wright, and we'll work with you to give a firm setting.

I can almost always try your case within the month I give you a trailing docket, and chances are I'll be able to give you April 12, but we'll give you a firm setting.

Occasionally I'll get months like I did in 2018, where I had seven-week trials, and if you're

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every day in trial, you just can't do all of them at the same time. But chances are, if you're ready to go, I'll be ready to go as well.

Do keep April 12 on your calendar, because you may be asked to pick a jury with the criminal folks that day. If you would prefer to pick your jury the first day of trial, that's fine. We can accommodate. And if you would prefer to pick it and wait a little bit, that's fine as well. Some lawyers like to do that. They get that half-day, three-quarters of a day's worth of work out of the way. They get the free voir dire from the criminal folks. But it's up to y'all. If you can't agree, call Ms. Wright, and I'll get on the phone and work it out with you.

A few other requests you've made is that the Plaintiff shall be allowed until May 1st, 2020, to be able to amend the proceedings and adjoin additional parties in compliance with the requirements of Rule 15(a). This does not change the substantive requirements of Rule 15(a), so if you have an opportunity to do it as of right, you need to do it by that date. And if you have to seek leave by that day, it simply sets a deadline. It doesn't change the substantive requirements.



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The same for the Defendants. 1 2 Defendants shall be allowed until June 1st, 2020, to 3 move to amend the pleadings and to join additional 4 parties and with compliance in Rule 15(a). 5 doesn't change the substantive requirements. If you have the ability to do it as of right, you need to 6 7 do it by that date, and if you need to seek leave of 8 the court, you need to seek leave by that date. 9 Simply sets a deadline for what is required or allowed under Rule 15(a). 10 11 I will order that supplementation under 12 Rule 26(e) will be every 30 days. That's what the 13 parties propose, so I will so order it. 14 We talked about the pretrial conference. 15 It is based on the deadlines of a 180-day track. 16 Settlement conference, the court requested 17 that the -- the parties request that the court set 18 the settlement conference date. What I would 19 propose is that now that we have set deadlines for 20 this case, you tell me, as parties, when you think 21 it would be appropriate to have a settlement 22 conference, and then I will either go to Judge 23 Yarbrough and ask him to set that settlement 24 conference when you would like to have it, and if



you would prefer somebody besides Judge Yarbrough,

if you've gotten used to somebody else, I'd be glad 1 2 to run interference with you and make that happen. 3 If you need a private mediator, I can 4 assist in that area as well. You probably know the 5 private mediators as well or better than I do at 6 this stage of our careers. 7 Ms. Higgins, when do you think would be a 8 good time for a settlement conference? MS. HIGGINS: I would like for the court 9 10 to consider scheduling that somewhere around the 11 expert disclosure deadlines for Plaintiff and 12 Defendant, and Judge Yarbrough is -- we would like 13 to have him. 14 THE COURT: Okay. So sometime after the 15 Defendants identify their experts and produce their 16 expert reports? 17 MS. HIGGINS: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: What do the Defendants think? 18 19 Does that look about the right time to do it as well? 20 21 MS. HIGGINS: I think that's reasonable, 22 Your Honor. 23 Okay. So unless y'all tell me THE COURT: 24 otherwise, I'll have Ms. Wright communicate that to 25 Judge Yarbrough and tell him that's when the parties





think that's the most opportune time for the
settlement conference to be, and if you decide you
want something else as far as a mediator or
magistrate, let me know, and I'll run interference,
but if not, I'll communicate that to Judge
Yarbrough.

How I do things on discovery, I find most civil lawyers just need an answer. If you'd like to take advantage of that, call Ms. Wright. And I'll work it out. Most of the time I can give you pretty quick answers. Sometimes I have to look at something like an RFP or Interrogatory to make a decision. It might take two or three days. Usually I can give you answers right there on the phone or pretty quickly.

If you would prefer to brief the discovery, we will treat it like any other motions. If you prefer that Judge Yarbrough do the discovery, that's fine with me as well. I'm my own default, so if I don't hear from you, I'll do my own discovery unless I hear something.

On motions in federal court, you have an obligation to meet and confer before you file motions in the federal court. That's required by the local rules as well as the federal Rules of

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 820-6349

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Civil Procedure. What I'm about to tell you is not required, but I make myself available. If I step in in the earlier stage, in the meet and confer, issues sort of fall to the wayside, really focus on what needs to be decided and what the judge needs to decide in the case. If you'd like to take advantage of that, call Ms. Wright, and I'll get on the phone with you or meet you here in the courtroom or in chambers, whatever works for you, and try to narrow the issues down. I don't require that.

Federal court requires enough stuff, but many districts are beginning to require these prefiling conferences, and they're resolving 98 and 99 percent of all issues. If you'd like to take advantage of it, don't hesitate to call Ms. Wright and involve me in the process. Ms. Wright is good at looking at the docket and seeing what's been filed. It does help her.

These are deadlines. You can obviously file motions in advance, to call, and we've talked about one, call her and say this motion is about to be filed, will you set it for a hearing, and I'll try to read everything and be ready for the hearing so that I can give you a ruling from the bench or at least an inclination so that I can keep the case



moving for you and keep it moving on my docket as well.

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I don't know your case well enough to know whether you're going to have Daubert issues. If you get in the case and think there's going to be Daubert issues, if you agree in a motion, I can almost always go along. If you get into the case and have Daubert issues, and you can't agree on a deadline, call Ms. Wright, and I'll get together with you, because I do like to get Daubert issues resolved before trial so that a little five-day trial like this, we stay on track and don't have the jury waiting while I'm trying to decide evidentiary issues.

It looks to me like most everything occurred here, so we'll plan on the trial being here in this courtroom, and I will call a northern New Mexico jury. That's everything basically above Socorro, it's the biggest and most diverse of our jury divisions, there being only two, so I won't be calling a statewide venire unless y'all tell me that's appropriate. We'll plan on the courtroom being here, and the jury being a northern New Mexico venire.

Ms. Wright, can you think of anything else





we need to discuss? 1 2 I think that's all I need to discuss with 3 Is there anything else you would like to 4 discuss or I can help you with while we're together? 5 Ms. Higgins? I don't think so, Your 6 MS. HIGGINS: 7 Honor. Thank you. 8 THE COURT: Mr. Apodaca? 9 Mr. Griesmeyer? 10 MR. APODACA: No, Your Honor, got to 11 digest everything that happened. Right now we're 12 good. 13 THE COURT: All right. Well, I will try 14 to get you these opinions. It will probably be one 15 opinion with these two motions in it. Be a little 16 bit patient with me, because I do have a lot of 17 people that I'm kind of making some similar promises 18 to get some stuff out, and it's going to be a busy 19 spring and a busy summer, but if I'm causing any 20 problems, don't hesitate to call Ms. Wright and say, 21 "Look, he made this promise to us, and we need the 22 opinion," and I'll try to reorder my work, so I'll 23 try to get this done. 24 You know, these obviously are -- this is a civil case, so if you y'all get into it and agree to 25



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     something else and move stuff around, I can almost
 2
     always go along. If you can't agree on something,
 3
     don't feel like you have to brief it up. Call
 4
     Ms. Wright, and I'll get on the phone with you and
 5
     try to work it out to litigate this case as
 6
     inexpensively and expeditiously as possible.
 7
               Appreciate your presentations this
 8
     afternoon. Y'all have a good afternoon.
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                              Thank you, Your Honor.
               MS. HIGGINS:
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               MR. APODACA: Thank you, Your Honor. You
11
     as well.
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               (The Court stood in recess at 2:53 p.m.)
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1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
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4	C-E-R-T-I-F-I-C-A-T-E
5	I, Robin A. Brazil, CCR, RPR, Official Court
6	Reporter for the State of New Mexico, do hereby
7	certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true
8	transcript of proceedings had before the said Court,
9	held in the District of New Mexico, in the matter
10	therein stated.
11	In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my
12	hand on this 5th day of May, 2020.
13	
14	
15	Robin A. Brail
16	DODE N. DIGN
17	Robin Brazil, RPR NM Certified Court Reporter #154
18	333 Lomas, Northwest Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102
19	Phone: (505) 843-7789 Fax: (505) 843-9492
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